

ECAHO Judges Manual

Pleasure Riding Classes

This manual is based on the following rules and regulations: FEI, ÖTO, ECAHO Green Book, USEF, AHSA

Judging

Two or more judges on duty.

In case there are more than 16 competitors in a class, the class must be divided. The 5 best of each class start again for the ribbons.

Judges should position themselves in quite a distance from one to another in the show arena. The show organizer should name one of the judges as the judges' chairman.

The judges should alternate on calling for the gaits. Therefore a speaker standing close to the judge is necessary so that the competitors could hear the requested gaits clearly and misunderstandings can be avoided. There is no certain order of the gaits requested to be shown. They can as well be repeatedly requested.

Judges have to take care that the competition does not last too long (approx. 20 minutes). Therefore there is not much time to judge each horse.

Backing shall be demanded on the center line individually or in a small group! Standing still quietly is a must! Strong trot or hand gallop should not be asked in novice classes and Ladies Side Saddle classes.

Judging should take place under the following criteria:

- horse/rider is on pattern (no additional maneuvers shown)
- correctness of gaits
- major/minor faults
- degree of difficulty
- the horse's suitability for the specific discipline

Riders decide on which bit/snaffle they use for the competition, but must choose a bit/snaffle according to the specific rules.

At the end of the competition each judge expresses his/her judgement through a placing and signs it. After the judges have finished their individual placings, their placings will be considered as points, added up and reordered to a new placing that will show the final result. The competitor with the lowest points wins the competition. Both individual placings and the final result will be made official through the show office.

If the show organizer offers All Around Titles all horses up to the 10^{th} place must be ranked. Badges will be given in the following order: 6^{th} place up to the 1^{st} . Colors according to the Green Book.

Hints for Judging

- Judges should be dressed appropriately.
- Agree on a tie-judge for the day by ballot before the judging
- Use a clipboard with a letter size page of paper
- Make sure the speaker is close to you
- List all the entry numbers as they enter the arena
- Quickly check on equipment not allowed
- Judging starts as soon as the riders enter the arena
- Divide your sheet into 3 sections (above average-average-below average)
- After the last rider has entered the arena "class closed" should be announced
- As you watch the horses performing the gaits rank them in one of these three groups
- All gaits must be shown on both hands!
- At the end of the competition find your individual ranking
- Fill in your judge's card and sign it
- Meet the 2nd judge, add your placings, come up with the final result and sign it both
- Make sure that the show office will receive the individual placings as well as the final result. Should be organized by a ringmaster.

Notes:			

Judge's card sample:

Date:		
Class no:		
Class name: _		
Placing:		
1	_ 9	
2	_ 10	
3	_ 11	
4	_ 12	
5	_ 13	
6	_ 14	
7	_ 15	
8	_	
Judge's name: _		
Judge's signatur	e:	
Entries in class:		

For example:

Entry no.	J1	J2	Total	Pla	icing
22	1	2	3	1.	22
5	2	4	6	2.	18
18	3	1	4	<i>3</i> .	5
46	4	3	7	4.	46

DEFINITON of "Pleasure"

In pleasure classes horses are shown in all gaits on both hands on the rail in a group. Competitors can pass each other without coming too close.

Good pleasure horses have a brisk, animated stride that allows them to comfortably move forward with grace and elegance. Their gaits result from a balanced, cadenced motion, that emanates from impulsion created by the hindquarters. Their natural conformation allows them to carry the head and neck in a natural position.

Pleasure horses should be calm, willingly, confident and responsive and perform all the gaits straight and correctly. They should be balanced in all aspects and give the appearance they enjoy their job. They should be **a pleasure to ride**. It is the judge's task to find the horse in a competition coming closest to the ideal of the specific class.

From the ECAHO Green Book:

"Judging is not absolute. It requires observation and evaluation. Good judging depends upon correct observance of the points and the selection of the best pleasure horses in that class.

Judging is based on certain criteria and rules. However, in judging performance everything is relative. Each horse must be judged against the performance of the others in the class. All faults should be considered according to their severity and the depth of the competition. Good judging depends upon correct observation and the selection of the best horses for the purpose of the class. The best horse, performing the most correctly should be the winner."

DESCRIPTION OF GAITS

Gaits	Good	Minor faults	Major faults	Elimination
Walk	4-beat gait, ground-covering, flat-footed, balanced, straight, confident, relaxed	slow, irregular speed, too fast, disinterested, not attentive	nervous, jogging, not walking, pulling	
Jog	2-beat-diagonal- gait, balanced, good motion, consistent, collected, steady, smooth	too slow/fast	not performing a 2-beat jog, hard/rough riding, break of gait, poll too high/low	
Trot	2-beat-diagonal-gait, medium speed with moderate collection, balanced, good motion, consistent, steady, smooth, strength from hindquarters, show lift/elevation of horse's front	too slow/fast	not performing a 2-beat jog, hard/rough riding, break of gait, pulling, poll too high/low	
Extended Jog	easy riding, balanced, consistent, good motion, effortlessly lengthening of strides	inconsistent speed, loss of cadence or balance or rhythm, looks forced or artificial	break of gait, pulling, hard/rough riding, no increase of speed, no lengthening of strides	
Strong Trot	balanced, consistent, good motion, effortlessly lengthening of strides, powerful, reaching	inconsistent speed, loss of cadence or balance or rhythm, looks forced or artificial,	break of gait, pulling, hard/rough riding, no increase of speed, no lengthening of strides, too much/high knee action, unnatural head carriage	

Lope/Canter	3-beat-gait,	too slow/fast, not	wrong lead, break	
	balanced, good motion,	straight	of gait, pulling, not performing a	
	consistent, steady,		3-beat lope,	
	smooth, easy		hard/rough riding,	
	riding, straight,		poll too high/low	
	correct left/right			
	lead, natural head			
	carriage, natural			
Hand Caller	length of strides 3-beat-gait, see	too slow/fast, not	umana laad braak	
Hand Gallop	Lope/Canter,	straight	wrong lead, break of gait, pulling,	
	further	straight	not performing a	
	engagement of		3-beat lope,	
	hindquarters,		hard/rough riding,	
	lengthening of		poll too high/low	
	strides without			
	losing frame or			
	cadence, strong,			
	but controlled and			
	balanced, elegant in motion, easily			
	be able to come to			
	a smooth stop at			
	any time			
Back	2-beat-gait, proper	hesitant, not	throwing head,	
	flexion,	straight	gaping, pulling	
	responsive,		not backing,	
	straight, no hesitation		heavy in shoulder	
General	smooth, steady,	over/under	throwing head,	two hands on
General	easy riding,	flexing, sour ears,	gaping, break of	reins or fingers
	balanced, good	tail switching,	gaits, schooling,	between closed
	attitude/manner,	inconsistent	disobedience	reins or more than
	smooth transitions	speed, out of	(kicking, bucking,	one finger
		balance	rearing, biting)	bet ween split
			improper gaits,	reins, changing of
			poll too high/low	hand/reins, double
				bridle & snaffle reins in one hand,
				illegal equipment,
				additional
				maneuvers,
				pulling, fall of
				horse/rider, blood,
				lameness,
				touchingthe
				horse/saddle

COMMON in all PLEASURE CLASSES

- Pleasure classes are rail classes shown as a group competition.
- Novice/Advanced/Master classes possible
- The judge calls for the gaits.
- For clear identification it is necessary to wear the entry number on both sides on the blanket!
- Competitors enter the ring in counterclockwise direction
- No posting allowed except in Hunter pleasure!
- Spurs are allowed according to the specific rules.
- Light rein contact can be maintained at all gaits.
- Passing other competitors is allowed on the 2nd track without disturbing the others
- Reverse at the walk/jog/trot possible as to be called for by the judge
- Always to be reversed to the inside of the arena away from the rail
- Not allowed: circles, stops, diagonals = additional maneuvers lead to disqualification
- Other equipment than allowed leads to disqualification
- Judges are allowed to check on the equipment!
- Logos, etc. according to FEI rules
- No martingales, tiedowns, bandages or boots

Notes:			

CLASSIC PLEASURE



Rider's & horse's equipment

- Equipment for dressage classes according to FEI
- Equipment should fit the class (novice, advanced, masters)
- Spurs, whips or crops optional

Qualifying Gaits

The horse should give the impression of being a pleasure to ride and show a mannerly attitude. All gaits must be performed straight and willingly with ease, cadence and balance. Transitions should be smooth.

- Competitors enter the ring in **counterclockwise** direction in **Normal Trot**
- Walk: a four-beat gait, brisk, flat-footed with good reach
- **Normal Trot**: a two-beat gait, performed at medium speed with moderate collection, mannerly, cadenced, balanced and free-moving.
- **Strong Trot**: a bit faster and stronger than normal trot but with a visible difference to it; performed with a lengthened stride, powerful and reaching; in harmony with its own natural stride; show moderate collection without too much action in the front legs
- Canter: a three-beat gait, smooth, correct, straight with moderate collection on both hands, not hurried
- **Hand Gallop**: visible difference to canter; performed with a lengthened stride, powerful and ground covering but under control at any time; correct and straight on both hands; in harmony with its own natural stride; extreme speed will be penalized
- Back: straight and fluent, without any resistance, to be performed on the center line

- Judging starts at the moment the competitor enters the arena.
- All gaits are judged equally.
- The rider itself will not be judged but, of course, influences the performance of the horse.
- Disqualifications according to FEI: fall off the horse, riding additional maneuvers, wrong/not allowed equipment, blood, lameness
- Penalized if wrong gaits are shown, kicking, bucking, biting, rearing, bolting, pulling, disturbing other competitors

TRADITIONAL ARABIAN RIDING CLASS

(Mounted Native Costumes)



Equipment

Safety is of utmost importance in tack and attire!

Rider's equipment

- Native Bedouin type costume including a flowing cape or coat, pantaloons, head dress, scarf or sash
- No whips or crops allowed!
- No objects may be carried other than reins (no weapons, no animals)

Horse's equipment

- Bits, bridles and saddles: either classic or western
- All bits may be used with two hands except romal reins.
- A change of reins during the competition is not allowed.
- Blanket has to cover the croup
- Breastcollar mandatory

Qualifying Gaits

The horse should give the impression of being a pleasure to ride and show a mannerly attitude. All gaits must be performed straight and willingly with ease, cadence and balance. Transitions should be smooth.

- Competitors enter the ring in **counterclockwise** direction at the **Canter**
- a ground-covering Walk, a correct, straight and smooth Lope and Hand Gallop are required
- No Jog/Trot demanded
- No Backing demanded!
- Line-up head-to tail in two lines (left and right of the center line) leaving gaps for judging the attire
- Quiet standstill is a must!

- Judging starts at the moment the competitor enters the arena.
- All gaits are judged equally.
- 75 % on manners, performance, suitability, quality and conformation
- 25 % on equipment
- The rider itself will not be judged but, of course, influences the performance of the horse.
- Disqualifications according to FEI: fall off the horse, riding additional maneuvers, wrong/not allowed equipment, blood, lameness
- Penalized if wrong gaits shown, kicking, bucking, biting, rearing, bolting, pulling, disturbing other competitors

LADIES SIDE SADDLE





General

- Western and Classic divided or together in one class (depending on the number of entries)
- Safety is of utmost importance in tack and attire!

Rider's equipment

- either Classic or Western style
- Spurs, whips or crops optional
- Incomplete clothing might be penalized.

Classic:

• English side saddle (period) attire, hat or dark top hat with net, boots, gloves, hair net, no apron

Western:

• a long-sleeved blouse/shirt, a western or divided skirt, no apron, hat, western boots

Horse's equipment

- Bits must be used according to the rules.
- A change of reins during the competition is not allowed.

Classic

- Hunter or Dressage bridle/saddle including balance girth/seat and attire
- Classic Pleasure gaits are to be shown

Western:

- Pleasure bridle/saddle including back cinch/seat and attire
- Western Pleasure gaits are to be shown

Qualifying Gaits

The horse should give the impression of being a pleasure to ride and show a mannerly attitude. All gaits must be performed straight and willingly with ease, cadence and balance. Transitions should be smooth.

- Competitors enter the ring in **counterclockwise** direction at the **Trot** (**classic**) or **Jog** (**western**)
- a ground-covering **Walk**, a comfortable **Jog/Trot** and a flowing, smooth **Lope/Canter** are required
- No Strong Trot and Hand Gallop required
- Back: straight and fluent, without any resistance, to be performed on the center line
- Quiet standstill is a must!

- Judging starts at the moment the competitor enters the arena.
- All gaits are judged equally.
- 85 % on manners, performance, suitability as a side saddle mount, quality and conformation
- 15 % on equipment
- The rider itself will not be judged but, of course, influences the performance of the horse.
- Disqualifications according to FEI: fall off the horse, riding additional maneuvers, wrong/not allowed equipment, blood, lameness
- Penalized if wrong gaits shown, kicking, bucking, biting, rearing, bolting, pulling, disturbing other competitors

HUNTER PLEASURE



Rider's & horse's equipment

- Equipment for hunter under saddle classes according to the rules
- Horses are shown under saddle, no jumps
- Posting in trot and two-position seat in lope have to be shown
- Equipment should fit the class (novice, advanced, masters)
- Spurs, whips or crops optional

Qualifying Gaits

The horse should give the impression of being a pleasure to ride and show a mannerly attitude. All gaits must be performed straight and willingly with ease, cadence and balance. Transitions should be smooth.

- Competitors enter the ring in **counterclockwise** direction in **Normal Trot**
- Walk: a four-beat gait, brisk, flat-footed with good reach
- **Normal Trot**: a two-beat gait, performed at medium speed with moderate collection, mannerly, cadenced, balanced and free-moving.
- Canter: a three-beat gait, smooth, correct, straight with moderate collection on both hands, not hurried
- **Hand Gallop**: visible difference to canter; performed with a lengthened stride, powerful and ground covering but under control at any time; correct and straight on both hands; in harmony with its own natural stride; extreme speed will be penalized
- Back: straight and fluent, without any resistance, to be performed on the center line

- Judging starts at the moment the competitor enters the arena.
- All gaits are judged equally.
- The rider itself will not be judged but, of course, influences the performance of the horse.
- Disqualifications according to FEI: fall off the horse, riding additional maneuvers, wrong/not allowed equipment, blood, lameness
- Penalized if wrong gaits are shown, kicking, bucking, biting, rearing, bolting, pulling, disturbing other competitors

WESTERN PLEASURE



Rider's equipment

• Western style according to the rules

Horse's equipment

- Snaffles/Bits must be used according to the rules.
- A change of reins during the competition is not allowed.
- Pleasure bridle/saddle/seat and attire

Qualifying Gaits

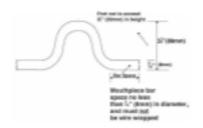
The horse should give the impression of being a pleasure to ride and show a mannerly attitude. All gaits must be performed straight and willingly with ease, cadence and balance. Transitions should be smooth.

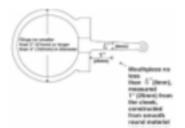
- Competitors enter the ring in **counterclockwise** direction at the **Walk**
- a natural, flat-footed **Walk**, a comfortable, smooth **Jog** and a flowing, smooth **Lope** are required
- Extended Jog and Canter may be asked in advanced/master classes
- Back: straight and fluent, without any resistance, to be performed on the center line
- Quiet standstill is a must!

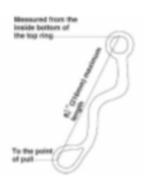
- Judging starts at the moment the competitor enters the arena.
- All gaits are judged equally.
- The horses are judged on manners, performance, suitability as a pleasure horse, quality and conformation
- The rider itself will not be judged but, of course, influences the performance of the horse
- Disqualifications according to FEI: fall off the horse, riding additional maneuvers, wrong/not allowed equipment, blood, lameness
- Penalized if wrong gaits shown, kicking, bucking, biting, rearing, bolting, pulling, disturbing other competitors

ECAHO Judges Manual	Pleasure Riding Classes
Notes:	
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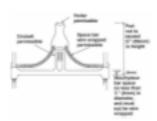
WESTERN BITS









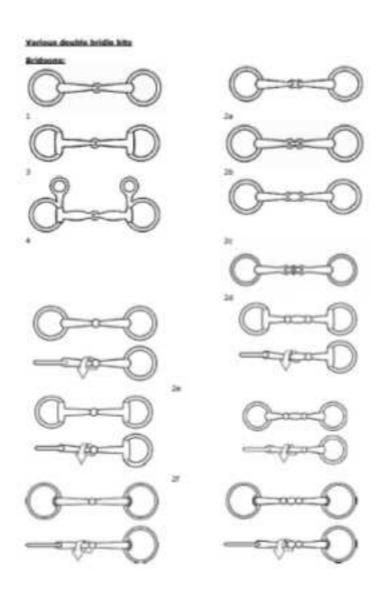


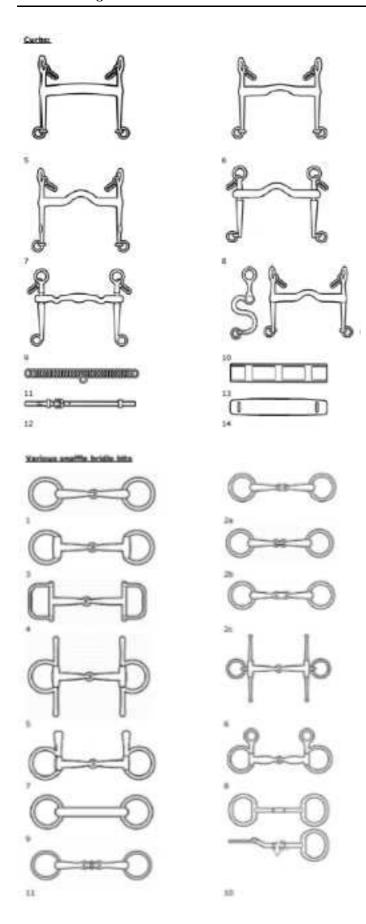


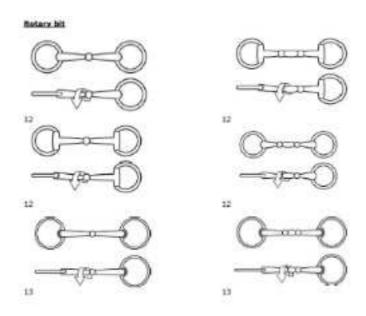
ENGLISH SNAFFLES & BITS



Example:







Examples for Side Saddles:

